

## Purpose

- 1. Understand the concepts of Hooke's Law and spring constants.
- 2. Suspend a series of masses from a spring and measure the displacement caused by each.
- 3. Use iSENSE to visualize the data and draw conclusions.

## Materials

Springs Masses Rulers

## Method

- 1. Suspend a spring from a fixed point, so that the coiled part hangs freely, without touching the supporting structure.
- 2. Hang a series of masses from the spring, recording the mass and displacement for each trial in the Observations section.



# Observations

| Trial | Mass (g) | Displacement (cm) |
|-------|----------|-------------------|
| 1     |          |                   |
| 2     |          |                   |
| 3     |          |                   |
| 4     |          |                   |
| 5     |          |                   |
| 6     |          |                   |
| 7     |          |                   |
| 8     |          |                   |

#### **iSENSE** Analysis

- 1. Use the manual data entry method to enter your mass and displacement values into iSENSE.
- 2. Use the Scatter visualization to examine the relationship between mass and displacement.
- 3. Add data from other contributors and see how their distributions differ from your own.
- 4. Save any visualization that you find particularly interesting.



## **Discussion Questions**

- 1. What do your data suggest about the relationship between mass and displacement for your particular spring?
- 2. How does the slope of your distribution compare to those observed by other teams?
- 3. What could account for differences in this regard?
- 4. Can you think of other science experiments that could be enhanced by sharing data on the iSENSE system?

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